



## Important Questions on Family Law-I

Note: All Questions are compulsory.

### Short Answer Questions.

Q.1. Who is 'Hindu' as per the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955.

Q.2. Briefly define the ancient sources of Hindu Law.

Q.3. Enumerate the primary sources of Muslim law.

Q.4. Define the essential elements of Hindu marriage under section 5 of Hindu Marriage Act, 1955.

Q.5. Briefly outline the requisites necessary for the Christian marriage.

### Descriptive Answer Questions.

Q.6. Discuss the constitutional validity of restitution of conjugal right with the help of leading case law.

Q.7. "Marriage among Mohammadan is not sacrament, but purely a civil contract". Critically examine the statement with reference to nature of Muslim marriage with the help of relevant case law.

Q.8. Discuss the validity of the marriages in the following cases;

(i) A sunni marries a Shia girl.

(ii) A marries a woman undergoing Iddat.

(iii) A marries a woman, who has a husband alive and who has not been divorced by him.

(iv) Aziz wants to marry his deceased wife's mother.

(v) Abdul, aged 20 years wants to marry Nusrat, aged 16 years against her consent.

Q.9. How far the concept of restitution of conjugal rights and the judicial separation under section 9 and 10 respectively of Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 are instrumental to the objectives of section 14 of Act (HMA, 1955). Cite the relevant case laws.

Q.10. Discuss the Absolute and Relative prohibitions under the Muslim Marriage. Illustrate the various situation of relative prohibition with reference to Sunni and Shia law.